

A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT THAT WOULD OVERTURN THE CITIZENS UNITED DECISION

112TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION S. J. RES. 33

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States to expressly exclude for-profit corporations from the rights given to natural persons by the Constitution of the United States, prohibit corporate spending in all elections, and affirm the authority of Congress and the States to regulate corporations and to regulate and set limits on all election contributions and expenditures.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

DECEMBER 8, 2011

Mr. SANDERS (for himself and Mr. BEGICH) introduced the following joint resolution; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

JOINT RESOLUTION

- Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States to expressly exclude for-profit corporations from the rights given to natural persons by the Constitution of the United States, prohibit corporate spending in all elections, and affirm the authority of Congress and the States to regulate corporations and to regulate and set limits on all election contributions and expenditures.
 - 1 Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives
 - 2 of the United States of America in Congress assembled (two-
 - 3 thirds of each House concurring therein), That the fol-
 - 4 lowing article is proposed as an amendment to the Con-

stitution of the United States, which shall be valid to all
 intents and purposes as part of the Constitution when
 ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the several
 States within seven years after the date of its submission
 for ratification:

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"ARTICLE -

7 "SECTION 1. The rights protected by the Constitution 8 of the United States are the rights of natural persons and 9 do not extend to for-profit corporations, limited liability companies, or other private entities established for busi-10 11 ness purposes or to promote business interests under the laws of any state, the United States, or any foreign state. 12 "SECTION 2. Such corporate and other private enti-13 ties established under law are subject to regulation by the 14 15 people through the legislative process so long as such regulations are consistent with the powers of Congress and the 16 17 States and do not limit the freedom of the press.

18 "SECTION 3. Such corporate and other private enti-19 ties shall be prohibited from making contributions or ex-20 penditures in any election of any candidate for public of-21 fice or the vote upon any ballot measure submitted to the 22 people.

23 "SECTION 4. Congress and the States shall have the
24 power to regulate and set limits on all election contribu25 tions and expenditures, including a candidate's own spend-

1 ing, and to authorize the establishment of political com-

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- 2 mittees to receive, spend, and publicly disclose the sources
- 3 of those contributions and expenditures.".